Subject Area: MUSIC Syllabus Code: J536

Component	Mode of assessment	Weighting
Integrated Portfolio	Non Exam Assessment	Solo Performance 15%
A performance and a composition.		Composition (for My Instrument) 15%
Practical Component.	Non Exam Assessment	Ensemble Performance 15%
A performance and a composition.		Board Set Composition 15%
Listening Exam	1hr 30min	40%

ΤΟΡΙϹ	AREAS COVERED	SPECIFIC
Area of Study 1	My Music	Learners should study the capabilities and limitations of their instrument voice or technology including: its range and characteristic timbre the techniques required to play it how it might be used in different genres what type of ensembles it might be used in
Area of Study 2	The Concerto Through Time	 how its use is influenced by context and culture Learners should study and develop an understanding of: what a concerto is and the way it has developed through time the instruments that have been used for the solo part in the concerto and how they have developed through time the growth and development of the orchestra through time the role of the soloist(s) the relationship between the soloist(s) and the orchestral accompaniment how the concerto has developed through time in terms of length, complexity and virtuosity the characteristics of Baroque, Classical and Romantic music as reflected in The Concerto.
Area of Study 3	Rhythms of the World	 The characteristic features and rhythmic patterns of 3 types of social dance. Paired dance (Waltz and Latin – Tango and Salsa) Group/folk/synchronised dance (Line Dance and Bhangra) Improvised dance (Disco & Club Dance) Learners should study the traditional rhythmic roots from four geographical regions of the world: India and Punjab Eastern Mediterranean and Middle East Africa Central and South America. Learners should study and develop an understanding of the characteristic rhythmic features of: Indian Classical Music and traditional Punjabi Bhangra Traditional Eastern Mediterranean and Arabic folk rhythms, with particular focus on traditional Greek, Palestinian and Israeli music Traditional African drumming Traditional Calypso and Samba.
Area of Study 4	Descriptive Music	 Fraditional catypeo and sampa. Learners should study a range of music used for films including: music that has been composed specifically for a film music from the Western Classical tradition used in films. music composed as a soundtrack for a video game.

Area of	Convention	Learners should study a range of popular music from the 1950s to the present	
Study 5	s in Pop	day, focussing on:	
		 Rock 'n' Roll of the 1950s and 1960s 	
		 Rock Anthems of the 1970s and 1980s 	
		 Pop Ballads of the 1970s, 1980s and 1990s 	
		 Solo Artists from 1990 to the present day. 	