

Year 10 RE mock Paper

Topics on the paper

- Unit 1: Creation
- Unit 2: Incarnation
- Unit 3: Triune God
- Unit 4: Redemption

Information about the exam:

- The paper will be 1hr and 45 minutes long
- You must answer every question on the paper
- For each unit there is a 1 mark, 2 mark, 4 mark, 5 mark and 12 mark question.
- It is the Catholic paper - make sure you know Catholic beliefs and practices
- Use black pen

Top Tips:

- Start with the 12 mark questions first!
- Attempt all questions on the paper - never leave anything blank!

How to use these revision materials:

PLC'S

Step 1: Look at the topics on your exam

Step 2: Tick according to how much you know...

Red: I don't know anything or very little

Amber: I can think of a couple of things but there is more I need to know

Green: I would do really well on this topic, I would get full marks on a question like this and can think of at least 3 things associated with this area.

Step 3: Use your revision guide to concentrate on your red and amber areas. Don't spend time on your green areas.

Topics:	Red	Amber	Green
1.1 Michelangelo's creation of Adam			
1.3 Creation and the nature of God in Genesis 1			
1.5 The significance of the creation stories for Catholics			
1.10 Caring for the environment			
1.11 The meaning of stewardship			
1.12 CAFOD and sustainability			

Key Words/ Concepts:

Make sure you know these key ideas.

Test yourself by writing definitions.

If you are unsure, use your revision guide to help you. This will be the language the person marking your paper will be looking for.

Key questions:

Check your understanding of the topics by testing yourself on these questions. Cover the answers and see if you answer correctly - keep going until you get them all right

Omnipotent	creator	Transcendent	Omnibenevolent
Stewards	environment	Dignity	Sanctity of life
Image of God	Natural resources	sustainability	

1. What two things in Michelangelo's creation of Adam teach Catholics about creation?	God is transcendent - above his creation in heaven God is shown as powerful and taking an active role in creation
2. What two things in Michelangelo's creation of Adam teach Catholics about humanity?	Adam reflects God in his pose and how he looks Adam is the image of a perfect man - 'good'
3. Why is life sacred for Catholics?	God created all life in his image and likeness making all life holy and sacred.
4. Since God created life, what impact would this have on how Catholics treat others? Give at least 2	No discrimination / all humans are equal/ we all have inherent dignity/ life should be treated with care and respect/ no abortion or euthanasia
5. Give 3 examples of how Catholics can be stewards of creation	Local: recycle/ education/ public transport National: pressure on MPs/ buy sustainable Global: Pressure on global meetings/ boycotts
6. What evidence supports the Catholic understanding of stewardship?	'God saw that it was good' / 'but them in the garden to take care of it' / 'love your neighbour' / 'human abuse of God's creation
7. Give examples of how Catholics would follow the teaching of 'love thy neighbour'	Support CAFOD/ Help those in need/ pray for people/ be charitable/ support the environment

Unit 1: Creation

Personalised learning checklist (PLC):

Topics:			
1.1 Michelangelo's creation of Adam			
1.3 Creation and the nature of God in Genesis 1			
1.5 The significance of the creation stories for Catholics			
1.10 Caring for the environment			
1.11 The meaning of stewardship			
1.12 CAFOD and sustainability			

Key words: Learn these definitions/ key concepts

Omnipotent	creator	Transcendent	Omnibenevolent
Stewards	environment	Dignity	Sanctity of life
Image of God	Natural resources	sustainability	

Key Questions: Learn the answers to these key questions

1. What two things in Michelangelo's creation of Adam teach Catholics about creation ?	God is transcendent - above his creation in heaven God is shown as powerful and taking an active role in creation
2. What two things in Michelangelo's creation of Adam teach Catholics about humanity ?	Adam reflects God in his pose and how he looks Adam is the image of a perfect man - 'good'
3. Why is life sacred for Catholics?	God created all life in his image and likeness making all life holy and sacred.
4. Since God created life, what impact would this have on how Catholics treat others? Give at least 2	No discrimination / all humans are equal/ we all have inherent dignity/ life should be treated with care and respect/ no abortion or euthanasia
5. Give 3 examples of how Catholics can be stewards of creation	Local: recycle/ education/ public transport National: pressure on MP'S/ buy sustainable Global: Pressure on global meetings/ boycotts
6. What evidence supports the Catholic understanding of stewardship?	'God saw that it was good'/ 'but them in the garden to take care of it' / 'love your neighbour'/ 'human abuse of God's creation
7. Give examples of how Catholics would follow the teaching of 'love thy neighbour'	Support CAFOD/ Help those in need/ pray for people/ be charitable/ support the environment

Unit 2: Incarnation

Personalised learning checklist (PLC):

Topics:			
2.1 Jesus as God incarnate			
2.5 Christian Symbols			
2.7 Interpreting statues of Jesus			
2.8 The moral teachings of Jesus			
2.11 Grace and the sacramental nature of reality			
2.12 The seven sacraments			

Key words: Learn these definitions/ key concepts

Incarnation	Chi Rho	Alpha Omega	Ichthus
Christ the redeemer	Sacred heart	Sacraments	sanctify
Parable of the Sheep and Goats		Beatitudes	Grace

Key Questions: Learn the answers to these key questions

1. Define the term incarnation	When God took on human form and became Jesus - became flesh
2. Name 3 key Christian symbols	Chi Rho/ Alpha Omega/ Ichthus / Crucifix
3. What is the parable of the Sheep and Goats?	It's a parable about judgement telling people that in serving and caring for others they are serving God.
4. How does the parable of the Sheep and Goats change how Catholics act?	I was hungry you gave me food/ I was thirsty you gave me something to drink/ Stranger you welcomed me/ I was sick you took care of me
5. Name two religious pieces of art/ sculpture that represent Jesus	Christ the redeemer / Sacred heart/ la pieta/ crucifix
6. How are sacraments described in the Catholic Church?	'An outward sign of God's invisible Grace'
7. Give at least two reasons why sacraments are important to Catholics	Sign of God's love and Grace/ they sanctify a person's life/ Welcome Christ into our lives - specific sacrament examples e.g: baptism you become a Child of God
8. Why are sacraments not important?	Not all Christians have them/ our actions are more important/ Mass and prayer are more significant

Unit 3: The Triune God

Personalised learning checklist (PLC):

Topics:			
3.2 Acclamations in the Mass			
3.5 Trinity in the Nicene creed and Genesis 1			
3.6 Influence of the Trinity on Christians today			
3.10 Baptism			
3.11 Traditional and spontaneous prayer			

Key words: Learn these definitions/ key concepts

Prayer	sacrament	initiation	Mass
Trinity	Nicene creed	Baptism	Mission
Evangelism	Traditional prayer	Spontaneous prayer	Sanctus
Alleluia	Mystery of faith		

Key Questions: Learn the answers to these key questions

1. How does the Catholic Church describe prayer?	'A raising of the hearts and minds to God'
2. Name at least two parts of the mass which are sung	Sanctus / Alleluia/ Mystery of faith/ Gloria
3. How is the Trinity shown in Genesis 1?	God created the heavens and the earth/ wind from God/ the power of his word 'let there be...'
4. What does Genesis 1 teach Catholic about the Trinity?	All 3 persons shared in the act of creation. God the father, through God the son (the word) created the universe with the power of the Holy Spirit.
5. Name something the Trinity says about God the father/ son and Holy spirit	Maker of heaven and earth / only begotten son/ consubstantial with the father/ I believe in the Holy Spirit the giver of life
6. Why is mission and evangelism important to Catholics?	Share of love of God through actions/ love others as God loves us/ 'Go make disciples of all nations'
7. Why is baptism important in Catholicism?	New stage of life as a Christian/ join with Jesus' death and resurrection/ rids original sin/ commitment/ sacrament of initiation/ Follow Jesus' example/ filled with the Holy Spirit

Unit 4: Redemption

Personalised learning checklist (PLC):

Topics:			
4.3 Contrasting features and artefacts used by Catholics			
4.4 The role of Jesus in restoration through sacrifice			
4.5 The significance of Jesus' death, burial, resurrection and ascension			
4.8 St Irenaeus' and St Anselm's thoughts on Salvation			
4.10 Redemption in the Mass			
4.12 Prayers in the Mass and adoration			

Key words: Learn these definitions/ key concepts

Redemption	Ascension	Altar	Salvation
Resurrection	Mass	Agnus Dei	Eucharistic Adoration
Liturgy of the Word	Communion	Sacrifice	Restoration
Words of Institution	Benediction		

Key Questions: Learn the answers to these key questions

1. Name 2 reasons why an altar is important in Catholic churches	A place of sacrifice and thanksgiving/ A reminder of Christ's sacrifice/ A reminder and re-enactment of the last supper
2. Describe St Irenaeus' metaphor to help people understand salvation	The tree of life brought original sin but the tree of the cross restored our relationship with God
3. Describe St Anselm's metaphor to help people understand salvation	The slave trade: We were slaves to sin but Jesus paid the ransom owed by our sins therefore freeing us
4. Give two reasons why the resurrection is important	Destroyed the ultimate power of sin and death. Helped restore the harmony of creation - cosmic order
5. Give two reasons why Jesus death is important	It was his obedience to God that brought salvation. It helped restore our relationship with God.
6. Name 2 reasons why mass is important to Catholics	Agnus dei- the lamb of God/ Eucharist and communion/ Liturgy of the word/ Consecration
7. Give at least one reason why Eucharistic adoration is an important part of worship for Catholics	It is the real presence of Christ/ Many would receive the Eucharist on the tongue/ Transubstantiation/ Blessed sacrament